AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. - 24. (Canceled)

25. (Currently Amended) A process for hydrocyanating a hydrocarbon compound containing at least one ethylenic unsaturation by reacting it in a liquid medium with hydrogen cyanide in the presence of a catalyst comprising a metallic element selected from transition metals and an organic ligand, wherein the organic ligand corresponds to the general formula I below:

$$R_{1}$$
 U_{1}
 U_{2}
 U_{3}
 U_{4}
 U_{4}
 U_{5}
 U_{5}
 U_{6}
 U_{7}
 U_{1}
 U_{2}
 U_{2}
 U_{3}
 U_{4}
 U_{4}
 U_{5}
 U_{7}
 U_{4}
 U_{7}
 U_{8}
 U_{1}
 U_{1}
 U_{2}
 U_{2}
 U_{3}
 U_{4}
 U_{4}
 U_{5}
 U_{7}
 U_{8}
 U_{1}
 U_{1}
 U_{2}
 U_{3}
 U_{4}
 U_{4}
 U_{5}
 U_{7}
 U_{4}
 U_{7}
 U_{8}
 U_{8

in which:

T and T_1 , which are identical or different, represent a phosphorus, arsenic or antimony atom,

R₁, R₂, R₃ and R₄, which are identical or different, represent a substituted or unsubstituted, aromatic, aliphatic or cycloaliphatic aryl radical having one or more

R₅ and R₆, which are identical or different, represent an <u>a substituted or</u>

<u>unsubstituted</u> aryl or cycloaliphatic group optionally having heteroatoms and/or one
or more rings, in fused form or not, and which are substituted or unsubstituted,
n is an integer equal to 0 or 1,

 L_{17} , when n is 0, represents a divalent radical selected from the group consisting of the groups NR₇, PR₈, SiR₉R₁₀, BR₁₁, S, POR₁₂, SO₂ and CO, in which R₇ is as defined for R above, R₈ and R₁₂ optionally represent the radical OR₁₃, and R₈, R₉, R₁₀, R₁₁, R₁₂ and R₁₃ represent alkyl, aryl or cycloalkyl radicals, L₄ and L₂, when n is 1, are identical or different and represent a covalent bond or a radical selected from the group consisting of the groups O, NR₇, PR₈, SiR₉R₁₀, BR₁₁, S, POR₁₂, SO₂, CO and -CR₁₄R₁₅, in which R₇ is as defined for R above, R₈ and R₁₂ optionally represent the radical OR₁₃, and R₈, R₉, R₁₀, R₁₁, R₁₂, R₁₃, R₁₄ and R₁₅ represent alkyl, aryl or cycloalkyl radicals, it being possible also for R₁₄ and R₁₅ to

26. (Currently Amended) The process according to Claim 25, wherein the organic ligand of general formula I presents a structure:

represent a hydrogen atom.

$$O_{1}$$
 R_{5}
 L_{2}
 R_{6}
 R_{6}

selected from the group consisting of the following structures:

in which R₁₇ represents an alkyl, aryl, halogen, alkoxy, thiol, cyano, nitro, aryloxy, alkoxycarbonyl, acyl or formyl radical.

27. (Cancelled)

28. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 25, wherein the metallic element is selected from the group consisting of nickel, cobalt, iron, ruthenium, rhodium, palladium, osmium, iridium, platinum, copper, silver, gold, zinc, cadmium and mercury.

- 29. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 25, wherein the reaction is carried out in a single-phase medium.
- 30. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 25, wherein the catalyst corresponds to the general formula (II):

$$M[L_f]_t$$
 (II)

in which

M is a transition metal,

 $L_{\mbox{\scriptsize f}}$ represents the organic ligand of formula (I) and

t represents a number between 1 and 4 (inclusive).

- 31. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 25, wherein the liquid medium further comprises a solvent for the catalyst which is miscible with a phase comprising the compound to be hydrocyanated at the hydrocyanation temperature.
- 32. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 25, wherein the transition metal compounds are nickel compounds in which nickel is in oxidation state zero, nickel carboxylates, carbonate, bicarbonate, borate, bromide, chloride, citrate, thiocyanate, cyanide, formate, hydroxide, hydrophosphite, phosphite, phosphate and derivatives, iodide, nitrate, sulphate, sulphite, arylsulphonates or alkylsulphonates.

Attorney's Docket No. 1022702-000206 Application No. 10/521,324

Page 6

- 33. (Currently Amended) The process according to Claim 25, wherein the hydrocarbon compound containing at least one ethylenic unsaturation is a diolefin, ethylenically unsaturated aliphatic nitrile, linear pentenenitrile, or monoolefin[[]].
- 34. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 25, wherein the transition metal is used in a amount of between 10⁻⁴ and 1 mol of transition metal per mole of hydrocarbon compound and wherein the organic ligand of formula (I) is used in a number of moles of from 0.5 to 50 relative to 1 mol of transition metal.
- 35. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 25, wherein the hydrocyanation reaction is carried out at a temperature from 10°C to 200°C.
- 36. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 25 for hydrocyanating ethylenically unsaturated nitrile compounds to dinitriles, being operated in the presence of a catalyst system comprising at least one transition metal compound, at least one organic compound of formula (I) and a cocatalyst composed of at least one Lewis acid.
- 37. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 36, wherein the ethylenically unsaturated nitrile compounds are pent-3-enenitrile, pent-4-enenitrile or mixtures thereof.
- 38. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 37, wherein the linear pentenenitriles contain amounts of other compounds selected from the group

Attorney's Docket No. 1022702-000206 Application No. 10/521,324

consisting of 2-methylbut-3-enenitrile, 2-methylbut-2-enenitrile, pent-2-enenitrile, valeronitrile, adiponitrile, 2-methylglutaronitrile, 2-ethylsuccinonitrile and butadiene.

- 39. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 36, wherein the Lewis acid is selected from compounds of the elements of groups lb, Ilb, Illa, Illb, IVa, IVb, Va, Vb, VIb, VIIb and VIII of the Periodic Table of the Elements.
- 40. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 36, wherein the Lewis acid is selected from salts selected from the group of halides, sulphates, sulphonates, haloalkylsulphonates, perhaloalkylsulphonates, haloalkylacetates, perhaloalkylacetates, carboxylates and phosphates.
- 41. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 36, wherein the Lewis acid is zinc chloride, zinc bromide, zinc iodide, manganese chloride, manganese bromide, cadmium chloride, cadmium bromide, stannous chloride, stannous bromide, stannous sulphate, stannous tartrate, indium trifluoromethylsulphonate, indium trifluoroacetate, zinc trifluoroacetate, lanthanum chloride, cerium chloride, praseodymium chloride, neodymium chloride, samarium chloride, europium chloride, gadolinium chloride, terbium chloride, dysprosium chloride, hafnium chloride, erbium chloride, thallium chloride, ytterbium chloride, lutetium chloride, lanthanum bromide, cerium bromide, praseodymium bromide, neodymium bromide, samarium bromide, europium bromide, gadolinium bromide, terbium bromide, dysprosium bromide, hafnium bromide, erbium bromide, thallium bromide, ytterbium bromide, lutetium bromide, cobalt chloride, ferrous chloride, or

yttrium chloride.

- 42. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 36, wherein the Lewis acid employed represents from 0.01 to 50 mol per mole of transition metal compound.
- 43. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 36, wherein 2-methylbut-3-enenitrile, present in the reaction mixture originating from butadiene hydrocyanation, is isomerized to pentenenitriles in the absence of hydrogen cyanide, in the presence of a catalyst comprising at least one organic ligand of general formula (I) and at least one transition metal compound.
- 44. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 43, wherein the 2-methylbut-3-enenitrile subjected to isomerization is employed alone or in a mixture with 2-methylbut-2-enenitrile, pent-4-enenitrile, pent-3-enenitrile, pent-2-enenitrile, butadiene, adiponitrile, 2-methylglutaronitrile, 2-ethylsuccinonitrile or valeronitrile.
- 45. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 43, wherein the isomerization reaction is carried out at a temperature from 10°C to 200°C.
- 46. (Previously Presented) The process according to Claim 43, wherein the isomerization of 2-methylbut-3-enenitrile to pentenenitriles is carried out in the presence of at least one transition metal compound, at least one organic phosphorous ligand of the formula (I) and a cocatalyst composed of at least one

Lewis acid.

47, 48. (Cancelled)

- 49. (New) The process according to Claim 25, wherein the metallic element is selected from the group consisting of nickel, cobalt, iron, ruthenium, rhodium, palladium, osmium, iridium, platinum, copper, silver, gold, zinc, cadmium and mercury.
- 50. (New) The process according to Claim 25, wherein the metallic element is selected from the group consisting of nickel in oxidation state (0), cobalt in oxidation state (I), ruthenium in oxidation state (II), rhodium in oxidation state (I), palladium in oxidation state (0), osmium in oxidation state (II), iridium in oxidation state (I), AND platinum in oxidation state (0).
- 51. (New) The process according to Claim 25, wherein the metallic element is selected from the group consisting of nickel, cobalt, iron, palladium and copper.
- 52. (New) The process according to Claim 25, wherein the metallic element is nickel.
- 53. (New) The process according to Claim 25, wherein the organic ligand of formula I is selected from the group consisting of:

tBu tBu	Ph P
tBu tBu	tBu tBu
tBu tBu	MeO————————————————————————————————————
CHO CHO CHO CHO S CHO CHO CHO CHO CH	tBu tBu
tBu tBu	OMe MeO MeO OMe OMe OMe OMe

S S S	
	MeO COMe MeCO OMe
CHO CHO CHO CHO	
MeO MeO OMe	CHO OMe MeO CHO OMe MeO CHO OMe MeO

54. (New) Compounds corresponding to the formulae below:

tBu S tBu	MeO COMe MeCO OMe MeO OMe OMe OMe OMe OMe OMe
CHO CHO CHO CHO Bu Me Me	tBu S tBu
tBu S tBu	MeO tBu S tBu OMe
CHO OMe MeO CHO OMe tBu Me	tBu S tBu
O CO	tBu S tBu Me Me

	Ph Ph
	MeO————————————————————————————————————
CHO CHO CHO	

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